Code: EE7T4

## IV B.Tech - I Semester – Regular/Supplementary Examinations March - 2021

## FLEXIBLE AC TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS (ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING)

Duration: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

## PART - A

Answer *all* the questions. All questions carry equal marks

11 x 2 = 22 M

1.

- a) What is the importance of transmission interconnections?
- b) Define the term Flexible AC Transmission system (FACTS).
- c) List out important controllable parameters that are considered for power flow control.
- d) Write the expression for the fundamental component (RMS) of a square wave ac voltage for a single phase bridge converter.
- e) What are the elements that current source converter consists?
- f) Mention the objectives of shunt compensation.
- g) Define transient stability.
- h) What is the role of STATCOM in Power System?
- i) Draw the V-I characteristic of the SVC.
- j) Explain main objectives and usefulness of UPFC in power industry.
- k) Draw basic Thyristor-Switched Series Capacitor scheme and represent its parameters.

## PART – B

Answer any *THREE* questions. All questions carry equal marks.  $3 \ge 16 = 48 \text{ M}$ 

- 2. a) Name and explain different types of stability issues that limit transmission capability. 8 M b) Discuss the various types of FACTS controllers. 8 M 3. a) With a neat schematic diagram, explain the operation of single phase full wave bridge converter. 8 M b) Discuss the basic concept of voltage sourced converter 8 M with circuit diagram. 4. a) Explain prevention of voltage stability with the help of end of line voltage support. 8 M b) Explain basic operation of Thyristor Switched Capacitor with necessary waveforms. 8 M 5. a) Discuss the "Regulation slope" characteristics of Static Var Compensators. 8 M
  - b) Explain with a neat functional diagram, implementation of Var Reserve(operating point) control for damping of power oscillations in the system..
    8 M

6. a) Explain about basic GTO-controlled series capacitor with principle of operation and necessary waveforms.8 M

b) Explain principle of operation of IPFC with neat diagram. 8 M